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The global Partnership for nature and people

# Why is biodiversity important?











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### Community forestry in Nepal

- Nepal has 18,133 CFs, covering 1.7 million ha (28% of forest area), and benefiting 2.24 million households.
- Government policy promotes CF for all accessible mid-hills and high mountain forests and some Terai districts; an estimated 3.5 million ha has potential to become CF.
- These forests are home to much endemic and threatened biodiversity.





# Community forestry in Nepal...

 is considered successful (improving livelihoods, strengthening institutional capacity)

 is a strategic pillar within Nepal's NBSAP.



#### Government commitment

 'By 2020, all community managed forests to include a biodiversity chapter in their management or Operational Plan and respective user groups to effectively implement those plans'

Nepal's National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan





# Project Aim

This project aims to mainstream biodiversity and ecosystem services protection more effectively into CF in Nepal, to benefit people and wildlife.



### Project objectives

- To demonstrate the value of integrating biodiversity and ecosystem services into community forestry (and inform tools and guidance) through collating case studies from the region
- To raise awareness, improve understanding and strengthen capacity of key staff of DoF, FECOFUN, CFUGs and NGOs/programmes involved in CF.
- To pilot new approaches to biodiversity mainstreaming by updating Operational Plans (OPs) and monitoring procedures for 14 Community forests



### Project objectives

- To produce an official Biodiversity Supplement to national CFM Guidelines
- 5. To ensure that lessons learned on capacity building, awareness and integration of biodiversity into forest management inform CF approaches throughout Nepal and Asia.





### What have we achieved so far?





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#### What have we achieved so far?



Engaged national experts to:

 Develop framework for 'Biodiversity Supplement' to operational planning guidelines

 Kick-start development of training for Forest Officers, FECOFUN staff and other stakeholders



Understand the context, needs and capacity of the CFUG



Identify and prioritize key biodiversity and ecosystem services within the CF



Action planning for implementation



Assess and monitor biodiversity and ecosystem services in the CF



Identify
biodiversity and
ecosystem
services benefits
and opportunities
for the CFUG



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### Our next steps

- Develop supplement and training
- Present to experts at workshop in Q3
- Begin to deliver training to Forest Officers and other stakeholders
- Begin pilot work with at least 14 Community
   Forest User Groups at key sites to incorporate biodiversity into their operational plans





# Working with local partners



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# Challenges



## Challenges



### Challenges

 Regular turnover of government employees/project focal points

 Need to balance differing views and opinions of Department of Forests and FECOFUN

 Low awareness of biodiversity and ecosystem services importance within key stakeholder groups

#### Lessons learnt

 Important to keep key stakeholders engaged to develop sense of ownership (even if focal staff keep changing!)

 LTSI very accommodating through a difficult first year – shouldn't be afraid to request a change if unforeseen circumstances arise





### Thanks!

