

Appendix V Report of progress and achievements against Logical Framework for Project between 2002 and 2005

Project summary	Measurable Indicators	Progress and Achievements April 2002-June 2005	Future recommendations
<p>Goal: To draw on expertise relevant to biodiversity from within the United Kingdom to work with local partners in countries rich in biodiversity but poor in resources to achieve</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The conservation of biological diversity, • The sustainable use of its components, and • The fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising out of the utilisation of genetic resources 			
<p>Purpose</p> <p><i>Improved monitoring, management and conservation action is taking place in Kenya's Important Biodiversity Areas</i></p>	<p>50 out of 60 IBAs in Kenya have baseline monitoring systems established and functioning <i>(initially target was 60)</i></p> <p>Three sites demonstrably benefit from enhanced conservation measures as a result of information from monitoring <i>(initially target was 6)</i></p>	<p>Staff/volunteers from 53 sites trained, forms distributed to 54 sites, forms returned from 53 sites, although a slight drop recorded in 2005</p> <p>Management plans nearing completion at 2 sites and inputs to revisions at 4 others. Land purchase completed at 1 site arising from negative trends in monitoring. 2 proposals incorporating monitoring funded. 2 SSGs have amended their workplan based on monitoring data.</p>	<p>Training and negotiation to plug gaps in network continues. Work with key stakeholders and seek new partners to expand and complete coverage. Second status report in prep.</p> <p>Complete 2 plans and consolidate structures to influence agency plans. Continue to incorporate monitoring into other site proposals and advocate action based on status reports by all stakeholders</p>
Outputs			
1. Project systems in place	Activities on schedule	<p>Activities are on schedule and systems (advisory group, PIT, NLC) functioning effectively.</p> <p>Advisory group restructured to increase Kenyan representation further in future phases</p>	Follow up especially on database training.
2. National site monitoring system established and covering all IBAs	<p>Minimum monitoring requirements identified for all 60 IBAs</p> <p>High quality training programme for monitoring network produced by IBA Officers</p> <p>Institutions and individuals identified and trained to monitor all IBAs</p>	<p>Monitoring system in place. Status report launched 08/2004 and second one nearing completion at June 2005.. Effective inputs to National CBD reporting – 2nd and 3rd reports</p> <p>Training programme completed. Follow up training and advisory visits on track. Still some gaps in the network.</p> <p>Institutions and individuals identified at 88% of sites. Better ownership by key agencies although organisational change and instability still an issue</p>	<p>Second report scheduled late 2005. Continue to refine these monitoring needs on basis of new data and capacity to do work</p> <p>Some efforts to plug monitoring gaps and train new recruits to agency staff. .</p> <p>Continue to broaden knowledge and ownership of programme esp in KWS, FD, NEMA</p>
3. Detailed monitoring carried out at key IBAs feeds into improved management planning	<p>Priority sites for detailed monitoring identified</p> <p>Protocols for all main habitats produced and agreed</p> <p>Six training courses undertaken for network, including Government field staff</p>	<p>Detailed monitoring underway at 6 sites and system functioning well. Several new sites id'd for prospective detailed monitoring and funds obtained at 4 of these (Kakamega and Arabuko-Sokoke, Taita Hills Forest, Dakatcha Woodlands)</p> <p>Draft protocols in place</p> <p>Six courses and follow up undertaken with 5 groups covering 6 IBAs. The other IBA (Arabuko Sokoke) is covered under a separate project but collaboration has been ongoing</p>	<p>Continue to support local community groups. Seek to improve feedback to them and generate more analysis of data. Seek new opportunities to expand detailed monitoring network.</p> <p>Subject to ongoing modification</p> <p>Provide follow up support and add on training to SSGs. Improve feedback to them.</p>
	<p>Agreed annual monitoring programmes implemented by SSGs and Government field staff at six key sites</p> <p>Action plans incorporating baseline monitoring data produced and adopted for two</p>	<p>Monitoring underway at 6 sites – feedback on results given to 3 groups. Some follow up funds in place at 4 sites (Kinangop, Kikuyu Escarpment, Kakamega and Arabuko-Sokoke Forests)</p> <p>Management plans training completed. Management plans well advanced at 2 sites – Dunga and Kereita. Additional</p>	<p>Provide support and follow up visits. Seek additional funds to provide essential equipment.</p> <p>Ensure completion of plan at Dunga and progression of those at Kereita, Mukurweini. Seek to ensure data incorporated into all</p>

	key IBAs	training to assist this process provided. Input to revisions of agency plans	new and revised plans.
4. Effective feedback loops established between monitoring and national conservation action and reporting	<p>Co-ordination established for data compilation, quality control, synthesis and reporting</p> <p>IBA database populated with time-series data</p> <p>Monitoring Committee of IBA National Liaison Committee develops effective work programme.</p> <p>Annual IBA status report produced and widely circulated</p>	<p>Coordination mechanisms in place. Initial rounds of training completed and assessment of database compatability within NMK and with other agencies undertaken.</p> <p>Basic IBA information largely populated but much monitoring data still in paper copy. Input of detailed monitoring data ongoing for 3, at Kikuyu Escarpment Forest, Kinangop and Kakamega Forest sites. New Kenya Birdfinder (with potentially strong links to IBA monitoring) in place</p> <p>Monitoring committee in place and has met regularly. Their work programme currently based largely on the programme of this project</p> <p>Status report launched in August 2004 and widely circulated to decision makers and practitioners in Kenya and overseas. Extensively used for 2nd and 3rd National CBD reports.</p>	<p>Original training plan was more extensive than proved appropriate. Continue to assess and respond to further training needs. Seek better integration of data needs and practices.</p> <p>Progress with fully integrating monitoring information into databases has been slow. BirdLife global monitoring component for IBA database still in prep. Kenya will be a model for this and we need to expedite progress.</p> <p>Ensure regular meetings of committee as necessary</p> <p>Second status report due in late 2005</p>
5. Conservation interventions made as a result of threats or opportunities identified by monitoring	<p>Nature Kenya and other NLC organisations make interventions based on monitoring data at three sites <i>(initially target was 5)</i></p> <p>Two managing agencies adopt changes in site actions as a result of monitoring data <i>(Initially target was 3)</i></p>	<p>Better promotion of objectives and outcomes of the project during this year through leaflets, magazines, websites. Nature Kenya are purchasing land at Kinangop in response to negative trends shown</p> <p>Data feeding effectively into reviews of management plans at Aberdares Forest IBA, Nairobi National Park, In Tsavo East and West and the Amboseli Ecosystem the process has been initiated by KWS. Most recommendations in the status report have been acted upon.</p>	<p>Focus future Nature Kenya conservation strategy more clearly to react to outcomes of monitoring. New conservation projects are being developed through 2005 and beyond.</p> <p>Still need to clarify how linkages can best be demonstrated and produce guidance on how data can most effectively be fed into planning.</p>
6. Mechanisms identified and capacity built to sustain the collection and use of practical monitoring information in the longer term	<p>Funding programme in place for continuing programme of monitoring through all IBA network at end of year three</p> <p>Additional funding in place for detailed monitoring at 5 sites by end of Year 3</p>	<p>Darwin post project funds confirmed and work programme developed. EU-funded programmes at Kinangop and Kikuyu Escarpment and USAID-funded programme at Sokoke continue. Funding provided through DANIDA has helped to strengthen SSG network. CEPF funded programme in Eastern forests will fund new work at Taita Hills Forests, Dakatcha Woodlands and other coastal forest IBAs</p> <p>Fundraising and project development training completed for 3 staff. Many proposals are now being written to a higher standard.</p>	<p>Continue to build detailed monitoring into site specific proposals..</p>